the date specified, the Board may decide that the person is no longer entitled to benefits or that his or her annuity should be stopped or reduced.

§219.4 Who is responsible for furnishing evidence.

- (a) Claimant or representative responsible. When evidence is required to prove a person's eligibility for or right to continue to receive annuity or lumpsum payments, that claimant or his or her representative is responsible for obtaining and submitting the evidence to the Board.
- (b) What to do when required evidence will be delayed. When the required evidence cannot be furnished within the specified time, the claimant or representative who was asked to furnish the evidence or information should notify the Board and explain why there will be a delay. If the delay is caused by illness, failure to receive the information from another source, or a similar situation, the claimant will be allowed a reasonable time to secure the evidence or information. If the information is not received within a reasonable time as determined by the Board, the claimant or representative who was asked to furnish the evidence or information will be notified of the effect that his or her failure to furnish the evidence or information will have on the claimant's eligibility to receive or continue to receive payments.

§219.5 Where and how to provide evidence.

- (a) When Board office is accessible. A claimant or representative should give his or her evidence to an employee of the Railroad Retirement Board office where he or she files the application. An employee of the Board will tell the claimant or representative what is needed and how to get it.
- (b) When Board office is not accessible. A claimant who lives in an area where there is no Board office or who is unable to travel to a Board office may send evidence to the Board office nearest to where the claimant lives. A claimant who lives outside the United States may take evidence to the American embassy or consulate or other Foreign Service Office nearest to where

he or she lives or send it to the headquarters of the Board.

§219.6 Original records or copies as evidence.

- (a) General. A claimant or an annuitant may be asked to show an original document or record as evidence to prove eligibility for or continued entitlement to payments. Where possible, a Board employee will make a photocopy or transcript of these original documents or records and return the original documents to the person who furnished them. A person may also submit certified copies of original records and, in some cases, uncertified birth notifications. These types of records are described below in this section.
- (b) Foreign-language documents. If the evidence submitted is a foreign-language record or document, the Board may require that the record be translated. An acceptable translation includes, but is not limited to, a translation certified by a United States consular official or employee of the Department of State authorized to certify evidence or by an employee of the Social Security Administration.
- (c) Certified copies of original records. The Board will accept copies of original records or extracts from records if they are certified as true and exact copies of the original by—
- (1) The official custodian of the record;
- (2) A Veterans Administration employee, if the evidence was given to that agency to obtain veterans benefits:
- (3) A Social Security Administration employee, if the evidence was given to that agency to obtain social security benefits:
- (4) A United States Consular Officer, an employee of the Department of State, or an employee of the Immigration and Naturalization Service authorized to certify evidence received outside the United States; or
- (5) An employee of a state agency or state welfare office authorized to certify copies of original records in the agency's or office's files.